

## **Private Civil Security Guard Law**

### **Article (1):**

It is meant by the following terms and expressions – wherever they appear in this law – the meanings shown in front of them, unless the context requires the contrary:

Private civil security guard: Human security service which is extended by the establishments and companies licensed for such to whoever ask for it in return of pay, or which shall be obtained through direct contracting with licensed civilian security guards.

Establishments or companies for private civil security guard: Individual establishment wholly owned by a Saudi, or the Company wholly owned by Saudis, which undertake – upon a special license – to prepare and secure the private civil security guard to whoever required in return of pay.

Security guard: The person entrusted to practice guarding of establishments to preserve the security and safety of its employees, monies, properties and protect them from stealing and encroaching.

The regulation: Executive regulation of this law

### **Article (2):**

a) The organs specified by the executive regulation shall commit to put the private civil security guard for their establishments in accordance with the rules of this law and its regulation, and it is not permitted to any other organ to undertake civil security guard unless by a permission from the competent authority according to what is specified by the regulation.

b) The regulation shall specify the private civil security guard range, places, times and equipments.

### **Article (3):**

It is permitted for the organs which are obligated to undertake private civil security guard, and to those who are not obligated with it, if individual or group or establishments, to directly contract with Saudi individuals licensed to work as security guards.

The organs obligated to undertake private civil security guard shall establish a security administration, if their employed guards exceed 20 guards.

The regulation shall specify the tasks and duties of this administration.

**Article (4):**

a) It is conditioned for the individual establishments and companies that are licensed to practice private civil security guard the following:

1- The individual establishment shall be wholly owned by a Saudi, and the company shall be wholly owned by Saudis.

2- Age of the applicant for the license shall not be less than twenty five years.

3- No judge of Shari'a penalty or imprisonment in crime of violating honor or fidelity was issued against him, unless he is rehabilitated.

4- He was not dismissed from civil or military service for disciplinary reasons, unless three years or more have passed for such.

5- Shall have available enough funds and the necessary facilities which shall enable him to secure the security guards, and prepare them with the guard requirements and equipment according to what the regulation stipulates.

6- The establishment or the company shall submit the necessary bank guarantee according to the classification and controls specified by the regulation.

b) The license shall be issued by the Minister of Interior or whom he deputize and the license shall be limited for five years and it is permitted to renew for similar period or periods. c) A fee of an amount of SR100 for each security guard contracted with him, when issuing the license or renewal.

**Article (5):**

It is conditioned that all employees working in the private civil security guard shall be of Saudi nationality also it is conditioned that the private civil security guard shall be Saudis.

The regulation shall specify the tasks of the security guard and the conditions to be available in them.

**Article (6):**

The establishment or the company licensed to work in the private civil security guard field shall commit to train the guards and qualify them to perform their tasks as stipulated by the regulation.

**Article (7):**

The security authorities are empowered to inspect the guard establishments, companies and the security guards to ensure their commitment with the rules of this law and its regulation.

**Article (8):**

The guards shall commit to wear the uniform which is specified by the organ wherein they are working according to what the regulation stipulates.

**Article (9):**

The establishments and companies presently undertaking the private civil security guard shall terminate the services of their non- Saudi employees and replace them by Saudis within 90 days from the date of acting by this law, and a committee shall be formed for such of delegates from the Area Umarah, or province and delegates from the Police, Passports and Labor offices to follow-up the application of this rule.

**Article (10):**

The investigation board and public prosecution; shall carry out the investigation and pleading in the violations of this law.

**Article (11):**

a) Committees shall be formed - when need arise – by a decision from the Minister of Interior, consisting of three members one of them shall be Shari'a or legal counselor to consider in the violations of this law and decide upon the reasonable punishment, and its decision shall be approved by the Minister of Interior.

b) It is permitted for whom the punishment mentioned in paragraph (a) of this Article is issued against him, to grieve before the Board of Grievance within sixty days from date of being notified of the decision.

**Article (12):**

Any who violates any rule of the rules of this law and its regulation shall be penalized by one or more of the following punishments:

a) Warning.

b) Closing the place of the violating establishment or the company temporary for a period not exceeding one month.

c) Financial fine not exceeding SR50,000 and in case of return the fine shall be two folds.

d) Cancellation of license, and shall not be cancelled unless by a decision issued by the Grievance Board.

**Article (13):**

The Minister of Interior shall issue the executive regulation for this law within ninety days and shall be published in the official newspaper, and shall become effective after the commencement of this law.

**Article (14):**

This law shall be published in the official gazette and shall become effective after ninety days as of its publishing date and shall cancel all contradictory provisions.